Model Paper

PHYSICS (New)

Inter Part - I

(Fresh/Reappear)

Note: Time allowed for Section – B and Section – C is 2 Hours and 40 minutes.

Section – B Marks: 40

Q-II Attempt any TEN parts. Each part carries FOUR marks.

- 1. Show that E = hf is dimensionally correct.
- 2. Explain parallel, antiparallel, perpendicular and null vectors.
- 3. Show that the cross product of two vectors do not obey commutative property.
- 4. Explain dimensional and dimension less constants by giving two examples of each.
- 5. How can we reduce the glares of reflected light from the smooth surfaces of roads?
- 6. When a driver apply his brake suddenly then why the upper part of the passenger gets jerk or move in forward direction?
- 7. What will be the value of escape velocity on a planet whose radius and acceleration due to gravity is half of the earth?
- 8. What is viscosity of a fluid? On what factors does it depend?
- 9. Differentiate between real and apparent weight of a body.
- 10. What will be the time period of a simple pendulum at the center of earth?
- 11. Does pressure affect the speed of sound in air? If not why?
- 12. Why do not we keep bananas in a refrigerator?
- 13. How would you justify that light is a form of waves and also transverse in nature?

Section – C Marks: 27

Note: Attempt any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q-III (a) Define scalar and vector products and list at least three properties of scalar product.
 - (b) What should be the orbital speed to launch a satellite in a circular orbit 1000 km above the surface of the earth?
- Q-IV (a) Define Projectile Motion and obtain an expression for total time of flight (T_f) of projectile.
 - (b) Calculate the angle of projection for which K.E at highest point of its trajectory is equal to half of its K.E at the point of projection.
- Q-V (a) State and prove Bernoulli's equation for ideal fluid flow.
 - (b) A mass of 1.5 kg is suspended from a spring. The spring is stretched by 9.8cm. Calculate the spring constant.
- Q-VI Define and explain any two of the following.
 - (i) Polarization of light
 - (ii) Standing or stationary waves.
 - (iii) Heat engine.